THE FRISCO EMPLOYES' MAGAZINE

Vol. XI

JUNE, 1933

No. VI









(Courtesy, Missouri Magazine)

A VIEW OF GREER SPRINGS, NEAR THAYER, MO.

(See Page 2)



The June Graduates' Number



Logan Iron and Steel Co.

Genuine Wrought Iron
WORKS: BURNHAM, PA.

C.W.Booth & Co.

Railway Supplies

RAILWAY EXCHANGE BLDG. CHICAGO, ILL.

American Handle Company

Manufacturers of

High-grade Hickory, Axe, Adze, Pick, Sledge, Hatchet, Hammer and Railroad Tool Handles

JONESBORO

ARKANSAS

GUNDLACH COAL COMPANY

MINERS AND PRODUCERS OF HIGH-GRADE FUEL

P. O. Box 241

EDGEMONT STATION

EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.

CHAS. R. LONG, JR. COMPANY

LOUISVILLE

CHICAGO

KERITE

SIGNAL SERVICE



Car Wiring, Lighting and Power Service

THE KERITE WILLATED COMPANY INC

The New York Air Brake Company

Manufactures the

STANDARD AIR-BRAKE EQUIPMENT

GENERAL OFFICES
420 Lexington Ave., New York City

WORKS
Watertown, New York

0

Ö

Manufacturers of

All kinds of Railway and Industrial Paints. Varnishes and Lacquers.

Magnus Company

INCORPORATED

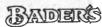
JOURNAL BEARINGS and BRONZE ENGINE CASTINGS

NEW YORK

CHICAGO

GArfield 2870-2871

BLUE PRINTING



IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN ART & DRAWING MATERIALS

1110 Locust Street

St. Louis, Mo.

Send Your

WASH SUITS

with your Family Bundle or Ask for "Frisco 8-hour Service" JEfferson 0414

BECHT LAUNDRY CO.

Owens Paper Box Co.



PLAIN AND FANCY BOXES

Midvale Coal Co.

HIGH GRADE STEAM AND DOMESTIC COAL

Chemical Bldg.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

WILLIAM F. FLYNN

(INCORPORATED)

Manufacturers of LOOSE LEAF BINDERS AND SUPPLIES 1906 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

BENTZINGER BROS.

Manufacturers of

BRUSHES

Main and Market St. St. Louis, Mo.

Consolidated Lamp Company

LIGHTING SPECIALISTS

Agents for WESTINGHOUSE LAMPS

1622 Chemical Building St. Louis, Mo.

HERCULES" Red Strand-WIRE ROPE A. Leschen & Sons Rope Co. ST. LOUIS Tough Strong

Safe **Durable** Branches NEW YORK DENVER

Hy. L. Schafermeyer

Locksmith and Machinist Safes Opened and Repaired 408-10 N. 3rd St.

St. Louis, Mo.

MAin 0245

A. S. ALOE CO.

ENGINEERING SUPPLIES

1819 Olive St.

ST. LOUIS

ECONOMY ARCH COMPANY

HIGH GRADE LOCOMOTIVE

1843 Railway Exchange Building

ARCH AND FURNACE BRICK

ST. LOUIS, MO.

W. H. (Bill) REAVES

1169 Arcade Bldg. St. Louis, Mo.

Representing the P. & M. Co.

Does Your Fuel Contract Protect?



 W_{e} Guarantee Dependable Delivery Uniform Quality

Competitive Price

SAINT LOUIS & O'FALLON COAL CO. SAINT LOUIS

C. A. ROBERTS CO.

"SHELBY"

Seamless Steel Tubing

CHICAGO

ST. LOUIS

Barnard Stamp Co.

RUBBER STAMPS, SEALS & STENCILS Trade Checks, Pads, Ink, Etc.

310 Olive St.

Fac-Simile Autograph Stamps St. Louis, Mo. TERRECOLOGOERACIO CONTENCO E DE PERPERCACIONES PARA LOS CONTENENCIONES PARA EN CONTENENCIONAL

St. Louis Surfacer and **Paint Company**

RAILROAD PAINTS, VARNISHES **ENAMELS**

Arlington Ave. and Terminal Belt Ry.

ST. LOUIS, MO.



The FRISCO EMPLOYES' MAGAZINE

ROOM 835 FRISCO BUILDING

ST. LOUIS

JOHN W. NOURSE, General Passenger Agent

Owens Paper Bex Co.

In Charge

MARTHA C. MOORE, Associate Editor

WM. McMILLAN, Advertising Manager

Vol. XI

JUNE, 1933

No. 6

THE COVER

The delightful picture of Greer Springs, on the cover of this month's magazine, was loaned to the Frisco Magazine by the Missouri Magazine, of Jefferson City, Mo.

Greer Springs is located 16 miles from the City of Thayer, and is recognized by the leading geologists as one of the four largest springs in the entire world. Its maximum flow would supply the people of New York City with 100 gallons to a person daily. In other words, the City of New York has a population of more than five million, and Greer Springs, at its maximum, flows 539 million gallons of water every 24 hours and a minimum of 220 million gallons in the same length of time.

Greer Springs rises near the head of a deep canyon or ravine, 200 feet deep and with perpendicular walls. The spring first comes out of a cave as a much smaller spring, but about 100 feet below the cave opening is the big spring proper. At times the upper mouth is dry. Greer Springs has an unvarying temperature of 49 degrees throughout the year, and it flows with such force from below that the water boils up about two feet above the general level. The spring empties at the end of a canyon, one and one-quarter miles away, into the Eleven Point River, and a large territory is drained by this stream to the Northwest.

Permission is given to reprint with or without credit, in part or in full, any article appearing in this Magazine

Contents of This Issue

Page	3
rioneer woman rrisco relegrapher	J
Air-Cooled Lounge Cars In Service	4
A Trainload of Autos Via the Frisco	5
Fuel Performance Records	5
Frisco Daughters Who Graduate This Month	6
Frisco Sons Who Graduate This Month	8
News of the Frisco Clubs9-1	2
Meritorious Service	2
Agency Changes	3
The Pension Roll	4
Graduates From Monett High School	
Flashes of Merriment	6
Frisco Mechanic 17-2	1
Frisco Family News21-3	2

THE FRISCO EMPLOYES' MAGAZINE

The Frisco Employes' Magazine is a monthly publication devoted primarily to the interests of the active and retired employes of the Frisco Lines. It contains stories, items of current news, personal notes about employes and their families, articles dealing with various phases of railroad work, poems, cartoons and notices regarding the service. Good clear photographs suitable for reproduction are especially desired, and will be returned only when requested. All cartoons and drawings must be in black India ink.

Employes are invited to write articles for the magazine. Contributions should be type-written, on one side of the sheet only, and should be addressed to the Editor, Frisco Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Distributed free among Frisco Employes. To others, price 15 cents a copy; subscription The KELLOGG GROUP rate, \$1.50 a year. Advertising rate will be made known upon application.



PIONEER WOMAN FRISCO TELEGRAPHER

IN A recent endeavor to locate the first woman telegrapher of Frisco Lines, The Frisco Employes' Magasine has found several women who are pioneers in Frisco service. One of them is Mrs. F. W. Hull, who now resides in Wichita, Kansas. She learned telegraphy in the little station at Beaumont, Kansas, in 1880, after six months of study, and served the Frisco Railroad for five years.

Although Mrs. Hull is a busy housewife of Wichita, Kans., at this time, she is always interested in affairs of the Frisco. Her early days of pioneering, and her description of Wichita before it became the city it is today, make one believe that all the color and romance of railroading today pale into insignificance when the pioneer life of the '80's is unfolded in story form.

Mrs. Hull was born Jennie Herring. in Litchfield, Mich., in 1865. Her father. N. Herring, was employed by the Rock Island and the family moved west in 1879. They first moved from Michigan to Trenton, Mo., and made the trip there in a covered wagon. She calls that wagon the "little house on wheels". It was drawn by two sturdy horses. At her age it was a glorious adventure, making the trip west, and the little family had many a scare as they passed groups of Indians, dressed in gaily colored blankets and beaded dress, but their fears were in vain for they were never molested by Indians, although, she says, she never got used to them.

She attended school in Trenton, but in 1879 her father heard that they were building the road into Beaumont, Kansas, in fact into Halstead, Kansas. There was no station or depot there at the time, but J. C. Payne, who served the railroad as operator im a crude little building, resigned in favor of Mr. Herring. It was difficult to get operators or agents to stay in such a desolate place.

Soon the depot was erected and three lovely rooms were built above into which the Herring family moved. There were no houses in Beaumont—no stores—only groups of Indians passing two and fro—occasional work trains, freight trains and a few passenger trains.

Before the station was built they lived in the "little house on wheels" and Mrs. Henring, who wanted to beloher husband get stanted in his western location, decided to cook the meals for the section gangs working

Mrs. F. W. Hull of Wichita was "Key-Pounder" at Beaumont in Early Eighties

on the track. The nearest place to eat was 25 miles and the men went to and fro on a work train, but not after they found out how excellent a cook they had a Beaumont.

J. C. Payne. the former agent, made the remark that he believed Jennie could learn telegraphy, and so he had a key installed upstairs and by instructing her in its use, she began to



MRS. F. W. HULL

interpret messages and with help learned to send them. Finally she secured the position of operator, and her father remained there at Beaumont as agent.

Then the early settlers started coming in and staking claims, and Mrs. Herring fed them all for a modest sum. They secured their supplies from Severy. Kansas, and Jennie Herring remembers going to Severy on the work train many a day to bring back supplies of food. Potatoes were purchased by the gunny sack, and she can remember when canned tomatoes were a luxury. Cattle roamed the prairies—there were no fences and when winter came the

snow drifted mountain high.

Finally a storekeeper came to Beaumont and established a little store and things were not so difficult to get. The post office was also established in this store. It seasy to purchase beef, and Mr.

was easy to purchase beef, and Mr. Herring had hogs which furnished meat, lard and sausage for the table.

With the new settlers came the bad men of the west. Mrs. Hull remembers that there were two murders at Beaumont during the time she was operator and one night they got her out of bed to send a telegram to Eldorado to have the Sheriff come and get a fugitive.

Those were the days of real winter weather, of packed ice and snow, which stood for months, and one day, as the Herring family were snug and warm in their little station, word came that one of the passenger trains had been stalled in a snow drift and that there were sixty-five people aboard. Fortunately the train was only half a mile from the little station. Mr. Herring, hired a horse and wagon and they drove to the train and took the people off. Mrs. Herring sent her blankets and warm clothing and finally the last of the isolated passengers was safe in the station house. Then came the matter of feeding them and of providing a place for them to sleep.

A section house, which stood adjacent to the station, was fitted up for the men, and Mrs. Herring cared for the women in her small quarters. Hay was thrown on the floor of the section house and a fire was built in the stove and the men found the quarters as comfortable as they could expect. So enormous was the crowd that Mrs. Herring could only cook two meals a day and the coffee was made in a big wash boiler. One boy who was taken from the train had both hands frozen and had to be fed-The little store was taxed to capacity to supply food for the passengers, and finally the Herring's bought the entire supply, and before the train could get through the drift, all that was left was pork, canned tomatoes, bread and coffee. But the passengers were most grateful for the care they had received and finally departed on their train three days later.

Soon the antelope and wild game began to move further west to make room for the early settlers. These settlers brought sheep with them and there was much wool shipped from the station at Beaumont. F. W. Hull

(None thern to Page 14, please)